LEXICAL ANALYSER

THIRD REVIEW REPORT

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Prepared for

Theory of Computation and Compiler Design (CSE2002) – Project Component

Submitter to

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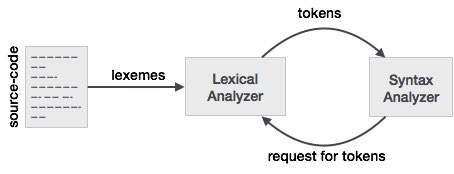
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**Introduction**

Lexical analysis is the first phase of a compiler. It takes the modified source code from language pre-processors that are written in the form of sentences. The lexical analyser breaks these syntaxes into a series of tokens, by removing any whitespace or comments in the source code.

If the lexical analyser finds a token invalid, it generates an error. The lexical analyser works closely with the syntax analyser. It reads character streams from the source code, checks for legal tokens, and passes the data to the syntax analyser when it demands.



Lexemes are said to be a sequence of characters (alphanumeric) in a token. There are some predefined rules for every lexeme to be identified as a valid token. These rules are defined by grammar rules, by means of a pattern. A pattern explains what can be a token, and these patterns are defined by means of regular expressions.

In programming language, keywords, constants, identifiers, strings, numbers, operators and punctuations symbols can be considered as tokens.

For example, in C language, the variable declaration line

int value = 100;

Contains the tokens:

int (keyword), value (identifier), = (punctuation), 100 (constant) and ;(punctuation)

Let’s look at another example. Consider this expression in the C programming language:

sum = 3 + 2;

Tokenized and represented by the following table:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Lexeme** | **Token category** |
| sum | "Identifier" |
| = | " Punctuation " |
| 3 | "Number" |
| + | " Punctuation " |
| 2 | "Number" |
| ; | "Punctuation" |

Tokenization is the process of demarcating and possibly classifying sections of a string of input characters. The resulting tokens are then passed on to some other form of processing. The process can be considered a sub-task of parsing input.

'Tokenization' has a different meaning within the field of computer security.

Take, for example,

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog

The string isn't implicitly segmented on spaces, as an English speaker would do. The raw input, the 43 characters, must be explicitly split into the 9 tokens with a given space delimiter (i.e. matching the string " " or regular expression /\s{1}/).

**Project Scope:**

Our lexical analyzer is designed to accept an input sting and tokenize it into the various kinds of tokens. It will be able to detect the following types of tokens:

1. Numbers
2. Escape Character
3. Whitespaces
4. Comments
5. Punctuations
6. End of File
7. Keywords

This will be done with the help of Regular Expressions. The output will include the position of each token, i.e. there line number and position in that line.

**Components Required:**

* PHP
* HTML, CSS, JS
* Apache Web Server

**Code:**

We have written the backend and Lexical Analyzer program in PHP.

**The tokens are detected using the following regular expressions:**

public $tokenTypes = array(

"T\_LATEX\_COMMAND" => array(

"regex" => '/^\\\([^\_$#%&][a-zA-Z0-9\.\_-]+)(({[^}]\*})|(\[[^\]]\*\]))\*/s',

"store" => true

),

"T\_KEYWORD" => array(

"regex" => '/^(int)|(double)|(return)|(goto)|(while)|(if)|(break)|(continue)|(public)|(private)|(float)|(class)/',

"store" => true

),

"T\_INDENTIFIER" => array(

"regex" => '/^[a-zA-ZÀ-ÿ][a-zA-Z0-9À-ÿ]\*/',

"store" => true

),

"T\_NUMBER" => array(

"regex" => '/^[0-9]([0-9\.,]\*[0-9])?/',

"store" => true

),

"T\_ESCAPED" => array(

"regex" => '/^\\\[\_$#%&]/',

"store" => true

),

"T\_WHITESPACE" => array(

"regex" => '/^\s+/',

"store" => true

),

"T\_COMMENT" => array(

"regex" => '/^%[^\n]\*\n/',

"store" => true

),

"T\_PUNCTUATION" => array(

"regex" => '/^[,\.\_!\?\(\)-:;\'"–<>|@\\*\{\}$#%&=+\[\]`]+/',

"store"=> true

),

"T\_EOF"=> array(

"regex" => '/^$/',

"store"=> true

),

);

**Analyzer.php**

<?php

namespace LexicalAnalyzer\Analyzers;

abstract class Analyzer

{

public $tokenTypes = array();

public function parse($code)

{

if (is\_string($code)){

return $this->analyze(new \LexicalAnalyzer\Handlers\StringHandle($code));

} elseif(is\_resource($code)) {

return $this->analyze(new \LexicalAnalyzer\Handlers\StreamHandle($code));

}

}

public function analyze($handle)

{

$line = 1;

$column = 1;

$latex = $handle->getData();

$tokens = array();

while($handle->isEndded() || !empty($latex)) {

if ($handle->hasMoreData()) {

$latex .= $handle->getData();

}

$token = null;

foreach ($this->tokenTypes as $tokenType => $property) {

if (preg\_match($property['regex'], $latex, $group)) {

$pointer = strlen($group[0]);

$latex = substr($latex, $pointer);

$token = new \LexicalAnalyzer\Tokens\LatexToken;

$token->type = $tokenType;

$token->value = $group[0];

$token->line = $line;

$token->column = $column;

if ($property['store']) {

$tokens[] = $token;

}

if (preg\_match\_all('/\n/', $group[0], $linefeeds)) {

$line += count($linefeeds[0]);

$column = 1;

}

if (preg\_match('/(.\*\n)?([^\n]\*)$/', $group[0], $columnfeeds)) {

$sizeof = count($columnfeeds) - 1;

$column += mb\_strlen($columnfeeds[$sizeof], 'UTF-8');

}

break;

}

}

if ($token->type == 'T\_EOF') {

break;

}

}

return $tokens;

}

}

**Index.php file:**

<?php

if(isset($\_POST['submit'])){

$fileName=$\_FILES["fileToUpload"]["name"];

function \_\_autoload($class)

{

$class = str\_replace('\\', DIRECTORY\_SEPARATOR, $class);

require\_once(\_\_DIR\_\_ . "/lib/$class.php");

}

$file = file\_get\_contents($fileName);

/\*\*

\* We have a new instance of the LaTeX lexical analyzer, that will parse

\* the input string when we call the parse method, returning an array

\* of token objects

\*/

$latex = new LexicalAnalyzer\Analyzers\LatexAnalyzer;

$tokens = $latex->parse($file);

}

?>

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<meta charset="utf-8">

<title>Lexical Analyzer - Theory of Computation</title>

<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="bootstrap/css/bootstrap.min.css">

<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/style.css">

</head>

<body>

<div class="container">

<div class="col-md-8 col-md-offset-2 table-div table-responsive">

<h1 class="text-center"><u>Lexical Analyzer</u></h1>

<h4 class="text-right"> - Under the guidance of <b>Prof. Sendhil Kumar K.S</b></h4>

<h3 align="left">What is Lexical Analyzer?</h3>

<p>Lexical analysis is the first phase of a compiler. It takes the modified source code from language pre-processors that are written in the form of sentences. The lexical analyser breaks these syntaxes into a series of tokens, by removing any whitespace or comments in the source code.

If the lexical analyser finds a token invalid, it generates an error. The lexical analyser works closely with the syntax analyser. It reads character streams from the source code, checks for legal tokens, and passes the data to the syntax analyser when it demands.

</p>

<h3>Upload a source code</h3>

<form action="#" method="POST" enctype="multipart/form-data"">

<div class="row">

<div class="form-group">

<label class="control-label col-sm-4">Upload the source code file:</label>

<div class="col-sm-4">

<input type="file" class="btn" name="fileToUpload" id="fileToUpload">

</div>

<div class="col-sm-4">

<input type="submit" class="btn btn-primary" name="submit">

</div>

</div>

</div>

</form>

<br>

<?php

if(isset($\_POST['submit'])){

echo "<h3>Code found:</h3>";

echo "<pre>";

print\_r(htmlspecialchars($file));

echo "</pre>";

echo "<h3>Showing Lexical Analysis of <span class='red'>".$fileName."</span> file:</h3>";

}

?>

<div class="row spanrow">

<div class="key-wrap col-xs-6 col-sm-2">

<span class="key-color-all spanall" href="">&nbsp;</span>

<span class="key-word spanall">showall</span>

</div>

</div>

<div class="row">

<div class="key-wrap col-xs-6 col-sm-2">

<span class="key-color-keyword spankeyword" href="">&nbsp;</span>

<span class="key-word spankeyword">Keyword</span>

</div>

<div class="key-wrap col-xs-6 col-sm-2">

<span class="key-color-punctuation spanpunctuation">&nbsp;</span>

<span class="key-word spanpunctuation">punctuation</span>

</div>

<div class="key-wrap col-xs-6 col-sm-2">

<span class="key-color-whitespace spanwhitespace">&nbsp;</span>

<span class="key-word spanwhitespace">whitespace</span>

</div>

<div class="key-wrap col-xs-6 col-sm-2">

<span class="key-color-identifier spanidentifier">&nbsp;</span>

<span class="key-word spanidentifier">identifier</span>

</div>

<div class="key-wrap col-xs-6 col-sm-2">

<span class="key-color-number spannumber">&nbsp;</span>

<span class="key-word spannumber">number</span>

</div>

<div class="key-wrap col-xs-6 col-sm-2">

<span class="key-color-comment spancomment">&nbsp;</span>

<span class="key-word spancomment">comment</span>

</div>

</div>

<br>

<table class="table table-bordered table-hover" id="table">

<thead>

<tr>

<th>Line,position</th>

<th>token</th>

<th>type</th>

</tr>

</thead>

<tbody>

<?php

if(isset($\_POST['submit'])){

foreach ($tokens as $token) {

if(!isset($token->type) or empty($token->type))

$totype="None";

else

$totype=$token->type;

$totype=substr($totype,2);

if($token->value=='include'||$token->value=='for'||$token->value=='return'||$token->value=='int'||$token->value=='double'||$token->value=='float'||$token->value=='while'||$token->value=='do'||$token->value=='continue'||$token->value=='break'||$token->value=='goto'||$token->value=='class'||$token->value=='public'||$token->value=='private')

$totype="KEYWORD";

echo "<tr class='{$totype} trow'>";

echo "<td>{$token->line}, {$token->column}</td>";

echo "<td>".str\_replace(PHP\_EOL, '', $token->value) . PHP\_EOL."</td>";

echo "<td>{$totype}</td>";

//echo "{$token->type} at {$token->line}, {$token->column}:" . str\_replace(PHP\_EOL, '', $token->value) . PHP\_EOL;

echo "</tr>";

}

}

else{

echo "<h3 class='red'>No file is choosen</h3>";

}

?>

</tbody>

</table>

<p class="count"></p>

</div>

</div>

<footer>

<hr>

<div class="container">

<div class="pull-left">Theory of Computation<br>CSE2002<br>slot-F1</div>

<div class="pull-right">Project by:

<ul>

<li><b>Harshit Kedia</b> (15BCE0329)</li>

<li><b>Vinit Bodhwani</b> (15BCE0719)</li>

<li><b>Ratnasambhav Priyadarshi</b> (15BCE0646)</li>

</ul>

</div>

</div>

</footer>

<script type="text/javascript" src="js/jquery.js"></script>

<script type="text/javascript" src="bootstrap/js/bootstrap.min.js"></script>

<script type="text/javascript">

function update\_count(){

var trs=$(".show-tr");

var show\_len=trs.length;

$(".count").html("No. of tokens:"+show\_len);

}

$(".spanrow").hide();

$(".trow").show();

$(".trow").addClass('show-tr');

update\_count();

$(".spankeyword").click(function(){

$(".trow").removeClass('show-tr');

$(".trow").hide();

$(".KEYWORD").addClass('show-tr');

$(".KEYWORD").show();

$(".spanrow").show();

update\_count();

});

$(".spanpunctuation").click(function(){

$(".trow").removeClass('show-tr');

$(".trow").hide();

$(".PUNCTUATION").addClass('show-tr');

$(".PUNCTUATION").show();

$(".spanrow").show();

update\_count();

});

$(".spanwhitespace").click(function(){

$(".trow").removeClass('show-tr');

$(".trow").hide();

$(".WHITESPACE").addClass('show-tr');

$(".WHITESPACE").show();

$(".spanrow").show();

update\_count();

});

$(".spanidentifier").click(function(){

$(".trow").removeClass('show-tr');

$(".trow").hide();

$(".INDENTIFIER").addClass('show-tr');

$(".INDENTIFIER").show();

$(".spanrow").show();

update\_count();

});

$(".spannumber").click(function(){

$(".trow").removeClass('show-tr');

$(".trow").hide();

$(".NUMBER").addClass('show-tr');

$(".NUMBER").show();

$(".spanrow").show();

update\_count();

});

$(".spancomment").click(function(){

$(".trow").removeClass('show-tr');

$(".trow").hide();

$(".COMMENT").addClass('show-tr');

$(".COMMENT").show();

$(".spanrow").show();

update\_count();

});

$(".spanall").click(function(){

$(".trow").show();

$(".spanrow").removeClass('show-tr');

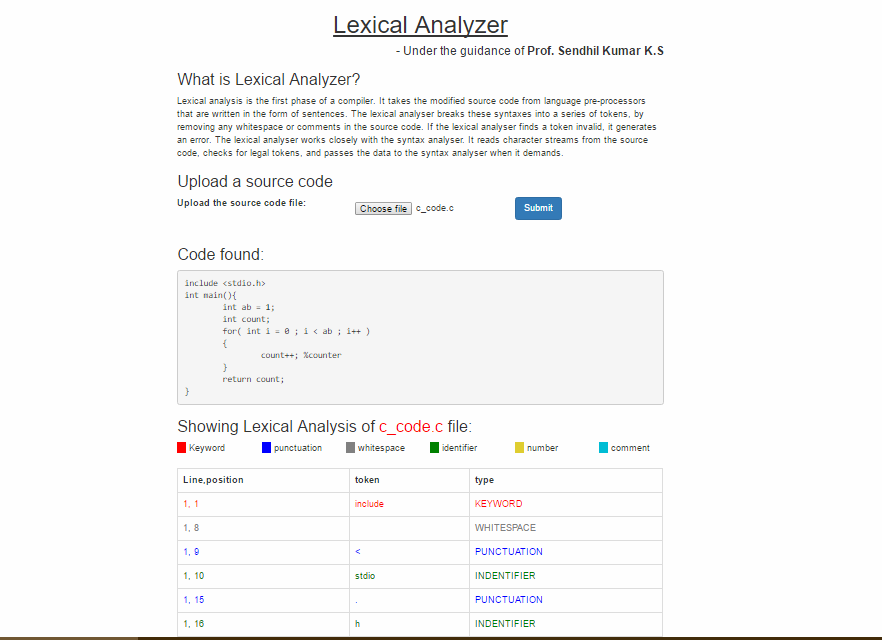
});

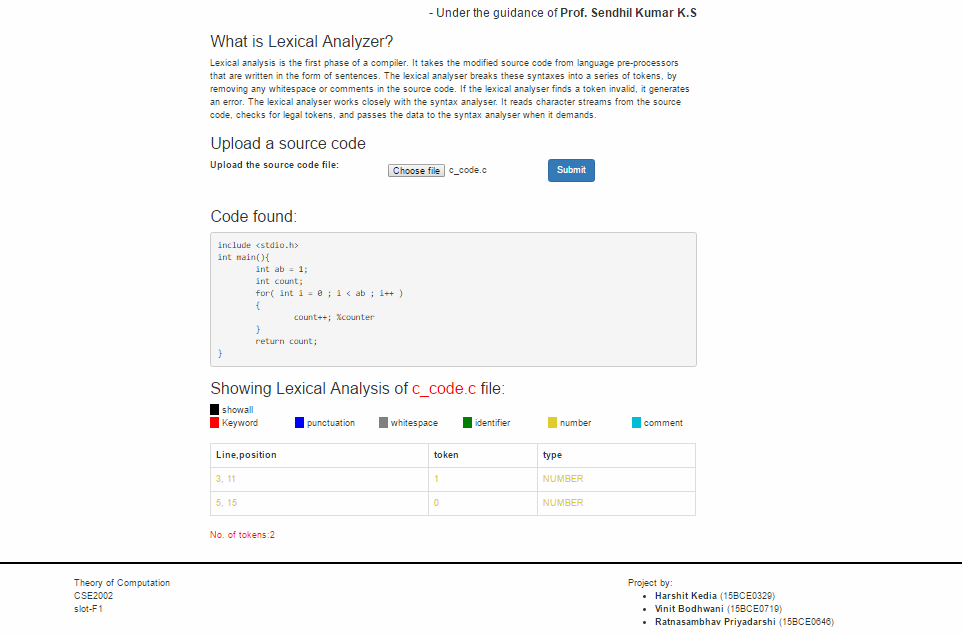
</script>

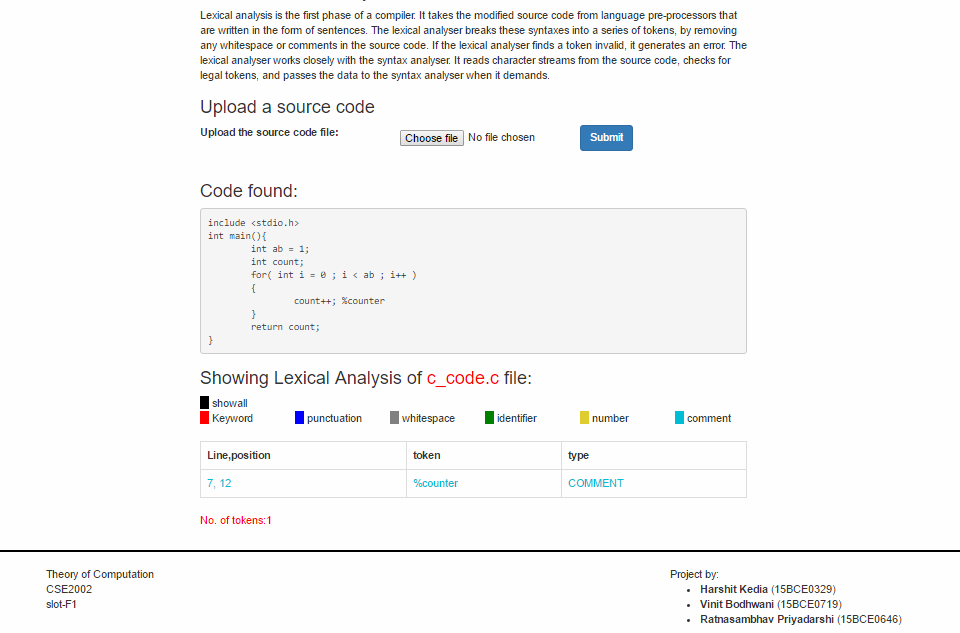
</body>

</html>

**ScreenShots:**







**Conclusion:**

Therefore, Lexical analysis is the first phase of a compiler. It takes the modified source code from language preprocessors that are written in the form of sentences. We have successfully build a GUI(Graphic User Interface) in the form of a website using PHP and front-end laguages. The GUI successfully took a file as an input from the user, and converted it into tokens.